STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM								
Name of the module/subject Numerical methods				Code 1010802111010831581				
Field of study Electronics and Telecommunications				Profile of study (general academic, practical general academic		Year /Semester		
Elective path/specialty				Subject offered in: Polish		Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory		
Cycle of study:				m of study (full-time,part-time))			
Second-cycle studies				full-time				
No. of h	ours					No. of credits		
Lectur	e: 1 Classes	s: 1 Laboratory: -		Project/seminars:	-	2		
Status o	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another	field)			
		major		univ	ersi	ity-wide		
Education areas and fields of science and art						ECTS distribution (number and %)		
techr	nical sciences					2 100%		
Technical sciences						2 100%		
Resp	onsible for subj	ect / lecturer:	Re	sponsible for subje	ct /	lecturer:		
Krz	/sztof Malczewski, Ph	D		Krzysztof Malczewski, PhI	D			
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	616653860		tel. 616653860					
	ctronics and Telecomn anka 3 60-965 Poznań		Electronics and Telecommunications Polanka 3 60-965 Poznań					
Prere	equisites in term	s of knowledge, skills an	ds	ocial competencies				
1	Knowledge	K1_W01 Has a systematic knowledge of mathematical analysis, algebra and theory of probability.						
		K1_W09 Knows the principles of construction of computer programs ; has knowledge from the area of computing science; knows the syntax of C, C++, C#, MatLab.						
2	Skills	K1_U01 Is able to extract information from Polish or English language literature, databases and other sources. Is able to synthesize gathered information, draw conclusions, and justify opinions.						
		K1_U13 Is able to write software for basic computational algorithms, using popular programming languages (e.g. Matlab, C).						
		Uses high level programming languages: C, C++, C#, Matlab. Is able to write and run programs to solve selected problems in electronics and telecommunication. Is able to conduct simulation experiments to evaluate parameters of circuits, systems and networks.						
3	Social	K1_K01 Is aware of the limitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to further self-study.						
	competencies	K1_K02 Demonstrates responsibility and professionalism in solving technical problems. Is able						
Assu	mptions and obi	to participate in collaborative pro	Ject	<u>u.</u>				
	• •	ents should be able to:						
	-		neric	al algorithms such as stab	ilitya	nd convergence,		
 Apply standard techniques to analyze key properties of numerical algorithms such as stabilityand convergence, Understand and analyze common pitfalls in numerical computing such as ill-conditioning andInstability, 								
3. Perform data analysis efficiently and accura								
tely using data fitting methods,								
4. Derive and analyze numerical methods for ODEs and PDEs,								
5. Perform optimization using well-established algorithms,								
6. Imp	lement a range of nur	nerical algorithms efficiently in Ma	tlab.					
Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study								
Knowledge:								

1. Has extended, in-depth knowledge of those branches of mathematics which are used in formulating and solving problems in electronic and telecommunications. - [K2_W00]

2. Has a systematic knowledge, with the necessary theoretical background, of optimization methods used in solving engineering problems. - [K2_W03]

3. Is conversant with numerical methods used in electronics and telecommunication. - [K2_W07]

4. Has a systematic, detailed knowledge, together with necessary mathematical background, of advanced methods of digital signal processing. - [K2_W09]

Skills:

1. Is able to communicate freely in English. Is able to discuss professional matters in English; is able to use knowledgeably English language sources (books, technical and scientific journals, application notes, catalogues, instructions, standards, etc.). - [K2_U01]

2. Is able to prepare a scientific paper or technical report and give a presentation (in English or in Polish) on solving a problem in the area of electronics and/or telecommunication; is able to participate in a discussion related to the presented problem. - [K2_U02]

3. Is able to select adequate numerical methods and simulation methods to solve typical tasks related to analysis, design and optimization of systems and computational tasks in telecommunication. - [K2_U09]

4. Is able to design and implement algorithms for solving numerical problems. - [K2_U11]

Social competencies:

1. Is able to act as a formal head of a small group of co-workers; is able to lead a small team. - [K2_K01]

2. Is aware of the limitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to lifelong learning. - [K2_K04]

3. Is aware of the necessity to approach solving technical problems with responsibility and professionalism. - [K2_K05]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Final project. Students will be required to form teams and to propose a problem drawn from an application area of their choice. The project should make use of concepts covered in the course. Each group will develop Matlab-based software to solve their problem, and also to submit a report that includes a mathematical analysis of their methodology based on the theoretical tools learned in the course.

Course description

This course will emphasize the development of numerical algorithms to provide solutions to common problems formulated in science and engineering. The primary objective of the course is to develop the basic understanding of the construction of numerical algorithms, and perhaps more importantly, the applicability and limits of their appropriate use. The emphasis of the course will be the thorough study of numerical algorithms to understand (i) the guaranteed accuracy that various methods provide, (2) the efficiency and scalabili

ty for large scale systems. and (3) issues of stability. Topics include the standard algorithms for numerical computation: root finding for nonlinear equations, interpolation and approximation of functions by simpler computational building blocks (for example-polynomials and splines), numerical differentiation and divided differences, numerical quadrature and integration, numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations and boundary value problems, numerical optimization and regularization algorithms, neural networks, genetic and evolutionary algorithms, gradient based optimization methods. An important component of numerical analysis is computational implementation of algorithms which are developed in the course in order to observe first hand the issues of accuracy, computational work effort, and stability. Exercises will include computational experiments in a programming language of the student's choice. One class lecture will be devoted to a high level pseudocode type programming language (Matlab) which will suffice in case students have not had prior programming experience. Attendence is required and the exams will be over the lectures and homework.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers by Richard Hamming
- 2. A.Quarteroni, R.Sacco, F.Saleri, Numerical mathematics, Springer, 2002.
- 3. A.Quarteroni, F.Saleri, Scientific Computing with Matlab and Octave, Springer, 2006
- 4. http://kstio.com/nm

Additional bibliography:

1. G. R. Fulford, P. Forrester, A. Jones, Modelling with Differential and Difference Equations, Cambridge University Press, 1997

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in lectures	30
2. participation in laboratory exercises	30
3. literature studies	15
4. preparation for the exam	45

Student's workload						
Source of workload	hours	ECTS				
Total workload	65	2				
Contact hours	37	1				
Practical activities	35	1				